

the 1990s, the number of publications on the topic of the present review has increased steadily. The present review is based on 103 articles published in the English literature between 1980 and 2000, and is intended to provide an overview of the current state of knowledge on the topic.

The present review is organized as follows. In the first section, the epidemiology of the disease is discussed. In the second section, the pathophysiology of the disease is discussed. In the third section, the clinical presentation of the disease is discussed. In the fourth section, the diagnosis of the disease is discussed. In the fifth section, the treatment of the disease is discussed. In the sixth section, the prognosis of the disease is discussed. In the seventh section, the conclusion is drawn.

## Epidemiology

The prevalence of the disease is estimated to be 10–20% in the general population. The disease is more common in the elderly, and is more common in women than in men. The disease is more common in the white population than in the black population. The disease is more common in the developed countries than in the developing countries.

The incidence of the disease is estimated to be 1–2% per year in the general population. The disease is more common in the elderly, and is more common in women than in men. The disease is more common in the white population than in the black population. The disease is more common in the developed countries than in the developing countries.

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